

Study programmes: Bachelor studies – Mathematics				
Course name: Introduction to Statistics				
Lecturers: Marko Obradović, Bojana Milošević, Lenka Glavaš				
Status: Compulsory				
ECTS: 5				
Attendance prerequisites: None				
Course aims: Learning methods of estimation and testing in statistics.				
Course outcome: Upon completing the course, a student has basic knowledge in statistics and is capable of application of the inferential and simulation procedures to real data.				
Course content: Statistical model. Population, variable, sample. Descriptive statistics. Median, mode, range, skewness and kurtosis. Representative samples. Sampling schemes. Graphical representation of data. Histogram. Order statistics. Empirical distribution function. Discrete distributions: degenerate, uniform on finite set, Bernoulli, binomial, geometric, negative binomial, Polya, Poisson. Continuous distributions: uniform, triangular, exponential, hyperexponential, normal, gamma, beta, Cauchy, two-sided exponential, double-exponential, chi-squared, t, lognormal, Pareto. Sample mean and sample variance and their properties. Consistency and unbiasedness. MLE method. Confidence interval for p of binomial distribution. Confidence intervals for mean and variance of normal distribution. Hypothesis testing. Rejection region. Level of significance. Power. Inference on parameters of normal distribution. Pearson chi-squared test. Linear regression.				
Literature: 1. H.Cramer, Mathematical Methods of Statistics, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1999. 2. Павле Младеновић: <i>Елементаран увод у вероватноћу и статистику</i> , Друштво математичара Србије, Београд, 2001.				
Number of hours: 4	Lectures: 2	Tutorials: 2	Laboratory: -	Research: -
Teaching and learning methods: Frontal / Tutorial				
Assessment (maximal 100 points)				
Course assignments	points	Final exam	points	
Lectures		Written exam	-	
Exercises / Tutorials	10	Oral exam	40	
Colloquia	40	Written-oral exam		
Essay / Project	10			